



APT 42

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APT42 is an Iran-linked espionage group active since at least 2015, targeting diplomats, NGOs, journalists, and civil society through phishing, credential theft, and mobile/cloud surveillance. Operating primarily in the Middle East but also against Western entities, the group conducts intelligence-focused campaigns that pose a high risk to political and civil organizations.

IDENTITY



Attribution	: Iran-linked advanced persistent threat (APT) group.
Active Since	: At least 2015.
Aliases	: UNC788, CALANQUE.
Motivation	: State-aligned cyber espionage and surveillance supporting Iranian strategic intelligence objectives

TTPs

Initial Access	: Highly tailored spear-phishing (persona-based outreach), cloud account takeover (OAuth consent phishing), watering-hole pages, credential harvesting portals, MFA fatigue / push bombing.
Persistence	: OAuth token abuse, mailbox rules, app passwords/legacy protocols, SSO refresh tokens, scheduled tasks and startup entries on compromised endpoints.
Command & Control (C2)	: HTTPS over cloud and shared hosting providers, domain fronting/redirectors, dynamic DNS.
Malware & Tools	: Lightweight custom downloaders, PowerShell/HTA loaders, web shells, credential harvesters; occasional mobile surveillance apps distributed via links.
Techniques	<div><div>-</div>Social engineering posing as academics/journalists to establish trust</div> <div><div>-</div>HTML/Office attachment lures, link-based phishing to fake login portals</div> <div><div>-</div>Account discovery and data collection in cloud email (search/export), exfil via APIs</div> <div><div>-</div>Living-off-the-land (PowerShell, curl, certutil) and LOLBins for staging</div>

TARGET PROFILE

Target Sectors	: Government and diplomacy, NGOs and civil society, media and academia, healthcare and policy think tanks.
Geographies Targeted	: Middle East (primary), North America, and Europe.

THREAT ASSESSMENT

Risk Level	: High – persistent credential theft and cloud-centric espionage against policy-relevant targets.
Most Recent Activity	: Continued persona-driven phishing and cloud account takeovers (2024–2025); emphasis on OAuth consent and mailbox data collection.
Evolution	: Shift from attachment-heavy phishing to cloud/OAuth abuse and long-lived access in mail and collaboration suites.

NOTABLE OPERATIONS

2017–2019: Campaigns against regional researchers and policy experts using journalist/academic personas and credential harvesters.

2020–2021: Focus on cloud email takeovers of NGOs and healthcare policy stakeholders; increased use of OAuth consent phishing.

2022–2023: Expanded infrastructure with redirectors and look-alike domains; refined social engineering with multi-touch outreach before delivery of phishing links.

2024–2025: Sustained targeting of Middle East and Western think-tank/government adjacencies; short-lived infrastructure and mailbox rule abuse for stealthy exfiltration.