



GALLIUM

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GALLIUM is a China state-sponsored APT group active since at least 2012, assessed as high risk for cyber espionage operations targeting telecommunications and government networks, with recent 2024-2025 campaigns using tools like SoftEther VPN and ShadowPad across Southeast Asia, Africa, and increasingly Europe and Latin America.

IDENTITY



Attribution	: China (PRC) state-sponsored APT group.
Active Since	: At least 2012.
Aliases	: Alloy Taurus, Granite Typhoon, Red Giant 4.
Motivation	: Cyber espionage supporting China's geopolitical, military, and economic intelligence priorities.

TTPs

Initial Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Exploitation of public-facing applications (notably telecom infrastructure).- Spear-phishing and watering-hole attacks.- Abuse of legitimate remote administration tools and VPN platforms (SoftEther VPN, AnyDesk).- Leveraging compromised supply chains and service providers.
Persistence	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Installation of ShadowPad and PlugX backdoors.- Use of legitimate VPN tunnels and RMM tools for continuous access.- Abuse of scheduled tasks and registry modifications for persistence.
Command & Control (C2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Custom C2 frameworks built into ShadowPad and PlugX.- Encrypted communications via TCP and HTTPS.- Utilization of proxy servers and legitimate cloud services for stealth.
Malware & Tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- ShadowPad: Modular backdoor widely used by Chinese APTs for espionage and lateral movement.- PlugX: Used for data exfiltration and privilege escalation.- SoftEther VPN: Used to establish encrypted tunnels for C2.- QuasarRAT, Poison Ivy, and custom loaders for execution and persistence.
Techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Living-off-the-land tactics using PowerShell, PsExec, and Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI).- Credential dumping via LSASS and registry hives.- Data exfiltration through encrypted channels and cloud storage abuse.- Lateral movement through RDP and VPN credential reuse.

TARGET PROFILE

Sectors	: Telecommunications, government, defense contractors, maritime communications, and critical infrastructure.
Geographies	: Southeast Asia, Middle East, Africa, Europe, and Latin America.
Notable Targets	: Telecom operators in Africa and Southeast Asia (2024-2025), European government networks, and satellite communication providers.

THREAT ASSESSMENT

Risk Level	: High.
Most Recent Activity	: 2024-2025 espionage operations targeting telecom and government sectors using SoftEther VPN and ShadowPad.
Evolution	: Demonstrated global expansion beyond APAC; refined TTPs with emphasis on covert operations using legitimate tools and encrypted channels.

NOTABLE OPERATIONS

2024 – Africa Telecom Campaign: Deployment of SoftEther VPN servers in telecom networks for covert access and data exfiltration across multiple African nations.

2024 – Europe Expansion: Use of ShadowPad and PlugX in EU-based government and diplomatic targets.

2023 – Middle East Intrusions: Compromised telecom networks to intercept communications; linked to broader Chinese intelligence collection operations.

2018-2020 – Operation Soft Cell: Long-term espionage targeting telecom providers in the Middle East and Southeast Asia for call metadata and subscriber data theft.